



## ABOUT CBP

*CBP is the Department of Homeland Security agency responsible for securing the borders of the United States while simultaneously facilitating the flow of legitimate trade and travel.*

### CBP Mission

We are the guardians of our nation's borders. We are America's frontline. We safeguard the American homeland at and beyond our borders. We protect the American public against terrorists and the instruments of terror. We steadfastly enforce the laws of the United States while fostering our nation's economic security through lawful international trade and travel. We serve the American public with vigilance, integrity, and professionalism.

### CBP Strategic Goals

Preventing terrorism; unifying as one border agency; balancing trade and travel with security; protecting America; modernizing and managing for results.

## CULTURE

**Character:** CBP is a diverse organization of law enforcement professionals, trade specialists, intelligence analysts, agricultural scientists, and other employees responsible for a wide-ranging set of missions that protect the nation while ensuring its economic health.

**Core Roles:** Anti-terrorism; border security; travel and trade facilitation.

**Core Values:** Vigilance, service to country, integrity

**Slogan:** Securing America's borders while facilitating legitimate travel and trade

## KEY LEADERS

**Homeland Security Secretary:** Janet Napolitano

**CBP Commissioner:** W. Ralph Basham

**Deputy Commissioner:** Jayson P. Ahern

**Chief, Border Patrol:** David V. Aguilar

**Assistant Commissioner, Field Operations:** Thomas S. Winkowski

**Assistant Commissioner, CBP Air and Marine:** Michael C. Kostelnik

## HISTORY

**1789:** The fifth act of the first Congress establishes Customs and its ports of entry.

**1835:** Customs revenues reduce the national debt to zero.

**1862:** The U.S. Department of Agriculture is created to "procure, propagate, and distribute among the people new and valuable seeds and plants."

**1891:** The Office of the Superintendent of Immigration is established within the Treasury Department.

**1904:** The U.S. Immigration Service is assigned a small force of mounted inspectors to patrol the border to prevent illegal crossings.

**1912:** The Department of Agriculture's Plant Protection and Quarantine Program at ports of entry evolved out of the creation of the Federal Horticultural Board.

**1924:** Congress establishes the United States Border Patrol as part of the Immigration Bureau, an arm of the Department of Labor.

**1933:** The Immigration and Naturalization Service was formed.

**1993:** Congress passes the Customs Modernization Act.

**1993:** Operation Hold the Line is established, marking a shift toward proactive forward deployment to deter illegal border crossings.

**2003:** CBP is created under the Department of Homeland Security to prevent terrorists and terrorist weapons from entering the United States.

## ON A TYPICAL DAY, CBP:

- Processes 1.09 million passengers and pedestrians.
- Processes 70,451 truck, rail, and sea containers.
- Processes \$90.4M in fees, duties, and tariffs.
- Executes 2,796 apprehensions between the ports for illegal entry and 73 arrests of criminals at ports of entry.
- Seizes 7,621 pounds of narcotics.
- Seizes 4,125 agricultural items and 435 pests at ports of entry.

Note: Based on FY 08 data.

## CBP DEPLOYS DAILY:

- 1,275 canine enforcement teams
- 18,276 automobiles
- 275 aircraft
- 181 marine vessels
- 256 equestrian patrols

Note: Based on FY 08 data.

## DEMOGRAPHICS

- CBP Field Operations officers: 19,726
- CBP Border Patrol agents: 17,499
- CBP Agriculture specialists: 2,277
- CBP Air and Marine agents: 1090
  - » Air Enforcement officers: 140
  - » Air Interdiction officers: 769
  - » Marine Interdiction officers: 181
- 1,900 miles of border with Mexico
- 5,000 miles of border with Canada
- 327 ports of entry (official entry points)
- 144 CBP Border Patrol stations within 20 sectors, with 35 checkpoints

Note: Based on FY 08 data.



## KEY MESSAGES

**Border Security:** CBP secures America's borders at and between the ports of entry by stopping inadmissible people and illicit goods as well as facilitating legitimate trade and travel. The National Border Patrol Strategy, the Securing America's Borders at ports of Entry strategy, and the Secure Border Initiative are key to accomplishing these goals.

**Trade:** CBP will streamline trade policies while accommodating the increasing volume and complexities of international trade. CBP will also protect U.S. agricultural resources via inspection activities at the ports of entry. With the Container Security Initiative, Secure Freight Initiative, Customs- Trade Partnership Against Terrorism and the Automated Commercial Environment, CBP has a sturdy base to secure and facilitate global trade.

**Travel:** Fostering legitimate and safe travel is a key goal of CBP, which has been increasing passenger security through effective risk assessment. The Secure Electronic Network for Rapid Inspection (SENTRI) program, NEXUS U.S.-Canada trusted traveler program, Advance Passenger Information System and Rice-Chertoff Initiative have aided in accomplishing CBP's travel goals. The latest additions are the Electronic System for Travel Authorization, which is an automated system to pre-approve visitors from Visa Waiver countries and Global Entry, a trusted traveler program for U.S. citizens and Lawful Permanent Residents.

## KEY PROGRAMS

**Western Hemisphere Travel Initiative:** WHTI establishes travel document requirements for entry into the United States from Canada, Mexico and the Caribbean. This enables CBP officers to quickly and accurately process travelers, enhancing border security while facilitating entry into the U.S. for legitimate travelers.

**Global Entry** program is a new pilot program which allows pre-approved, low-risk U.S. citizens and Lawful Permanent Residents, aged 14-years and older, expedited clearance upon arrival into the United States. Participants will enter the United States using automated self-service kiosks and are generally exempt from routine CBP questioning.

**Electronic System for Travel Authorization:** ESTA is an automated system used to determine the eligibility of visitors from Visa Waiver countries prior to boarding a carrier to travel to the United States. ESTA enhances the security of the VWP and will allow the U.S. government to continue to expand the VWP.

**Secure Border Initiative:** SBI is a comprehensive, multi-year plan to secure America's borders and reduce illegal immigration. A critical component of the SBI strategy is a comprehensive program to modernize border control technology and infrastructure. This program, named SBInet, integrates multiple state-of-the-art systems and traditional security infrastructure.

**Container Security Initiative/Secure Freight Initiative:** Through CSI, CBP officials work with host customs administrations to establish security criteria for identifying high-risk containers. Those administrations use non-intrusive technology to screen high-risk containers before they are shipped to U.S. ports. In 2007, CBP also launched the Secure Freight Initiative to help safeguard global maritime cargo.

**Customs-Trade Partnership against Terrorism:** Under C-TPAT, importers who meet certain security standards are provided expedited processing benefits. This enables CBP to facilitate legitimate trade while focusing resources on unknown or high-risk shipments.

**Automated Commercial Environment:** ACE is a modernized commercial trade processing system with features designed to consolidate and automate border processing. It provides a solid technology foundation for all border security initiatives within CBP.

## BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS FY09 (Proposed)

<b>\$8.8B</b>	Total FY 08 budget (direct appropriation)
<b>\$3.9B</b>	Border security – between ports of entry
<b>\$2.7B</b>	Border security – at ports of entry
<b>\$1B</b>	Fencing, infrastructure, and technology
<b>\$.7B</b>	Air and marine operations, maintenance, procurement, and salaries
<b>\$.5B</b>	Automation modernization

## BUDGET IN DEPTH (Proposed)

<b>\$1B</b>	SBInet development, deployment, and program management
<b>\$620M</b>	New Border Patrol agents (3,000) and support staff
<b>\$250M</b>	Construction
<b>\$317M</b>	Automated Commercial Environment/ International Trade Data System
<b>\$252M</b>	Western Hemisphere Travel Initiative technology + 205 new CBP officers
<b>\$156M</b>	Container Security Initiative, including \$15M in new Secure Freight Initiative technology + 9 new CBP officers
<b>\$6M</b>	New CBP officers (55) to staff radiation portal monitors
<b>\$28M</b>	New Air and Marine positions (151)
<b>\$123M</b>	Air and Marine procurement

## ON THE WEB

DHS: [www.dhs.gov](http://www.dhs.gov)

CBP: [www.cbp.gov](http://www.cbp.gov)

CBP Travel Info: [www.cbp.gov/xp/cgov/travel](http://www.cbp.gov/xp/cgov/travel)

CBP Import Info:

[www.cbp.gov/xp/cgov/trade/basic\\_trade](http://www.cbp.gov/xp/cgov/trade/basic_trade)

CBP News: [www.cbp.gov/xp/cgov/newsroom](http://www.cbp.gov/xp/cgov/newsroom)

CBP Careers: [www.cbp.gov/xp/cgov/careers](http://www.cbp.gov/xp/cgov/careers)

Job Opportunities: [www.usajobs.gov](http://www.usajobs.gov)

## CAREERS (EXAMPLES)

Agriculture Specialist	Air Interdiction Agent
Attaché	Attorney
Auditor	Border Patrol Agent
CBP Technician	Chemist
Congressional Liaison	Engineer
Fingerprint Analyst	Field Operations Officer
Forensic Scientist	Human Resources Specialist
Import Specialist	Intelligence Research Specialist
Policy Analyst	Project Manager
Public Affairs Specialist	Veterinarian